5 Simplex

Type 4100

EMERGENCY WARNING and INTERCOMMUNICATION SYSTEM (EWIS)

OPERATOR MANUAL

VOLUME 1 of 3

GLOSSARY OF STANDARD TERMS

The following abbreviations are used throughout this manual:

ACF: Ancillary control facility.

"Ackd": Display abbreviation for acknowledged condition.

BGM Background Music

ECP Emergency Control Panel

EIS Emergency Intercommunication System

EWIS Emergency Warning and Intercommunication System

EWS Emergency Warning System

FIP Fire Indicator Panel

LCD: Liquid Crystal Display

LED: Light Emitting Diode

MECP Master Emergency Control Panel

PA Public Address

SECP Secondary Emergency Control Panel

WIP Warden Intercommunication Phone.

MANUFACTURERS DETAILS

APPROVALS: AUSTRALIAN STANDARD AS2220.1 (1989) amendment 1 SSL LISTING NUMBER afp-1174

The 4100 EWIS is manufactured by:

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Notice: The contents of this document are subject to change without notice.

AMENDMENTS TO 4100 OPERATOR MANUAL

ISSUE	SECTION/PAGES AMENDED	DATE AMENDED	COMMENTS	ECN No.
1.0	New Manual	Aug 1993	Original - File:	
2.0	Section 3 added	April 1994	Update information	
3.0	Convert to Word 97 Section 4, 5, 6, A & B added, & updated	March 1998	File ewisop	
3.1	Glossary and Manufacturers Details updated	May 1999	S.S.L. Listing number added	

RELATED DOCUMENTATION

This manual is part of a three volume set relating to the 4100 EWIS Option. The following lists the documentation relating to the 4100 EWIS Option.

Volume 1 4100 EWIS - Operator Manual.

This manual describes the operating procedures for a typical 4100

EWIS. 4100 EWIS Operator Manual Part No/Document No: 4100-M010

Volume 2 4100 EWIS - Installation Manual.

This manual describes the procedures for installing and commissioning

typical 4100 EWIS. 4100 EWIS Installation Manual

Part No/Document No: 4100-M011

Volume 3 4100 EWIS - Technical Manual.

This manual contains technical descriptions of the various components

of typical 4100 EWIS Panel. 4100 EWIS Technical Manual

Part No/Document No: 4100-M012

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PANEL DETAILS

panel sticker

4100 EWIS Panel supplied by	
Installation location	
Contract/Job Number	
As installed System drawing number	
Panel Installation date	
Panel Commissioned date	
Maintenance Company	
Telephone	
Service Contact	

Document No.: 4100-M010A May 1999 Issue 3.1

COMPATIBLE BATTERIES

The following series of batteries are compatible with the 4100 System:

- (1) Power-Sonic PS12 series
- (2) Sonnenschien A200 series
- (3) Sonnenschien A300 series
- (4) Yuasa NP series

COMPATIBLE EQUIPMENT

(1) Speakers - 100V Line

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Simplex P/No. 2902-9794 - 100mm 5 Watt multi-tapped
Simplex P/No. 2902-9796 - 200mm 5 Watt multi-tapped
Simplex P/No. 2902-9830 - 10W multi-tapped Horn Speaker
Simplex P/No. 2902-9821 - 15W multi-tapped Horn Speaker
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- (2) EIS WIP Handset
 - Simplex P/No. 2084-9106 WIP 4100 Evac
- (3) Emergency Alarm Initiating Devices
 - Simplex P/No. 2099-2020 White MCP EWIS

SPECIFICATION

GENERAL

System Capacity Configurable to suit building requirements

Cabinet Size(mm) Dependent on system configuration

Cabinet Material 1.5mm Mild grade steel

Cabinet Finish Powder coated
Cabinet Colour Magnolia Ripple
Mounting Wall mount

Mains Input 240V AC, +6%,-10%, 50Hz

Internal Power Supply 24V DC @ 6.5A

Standby Battery 24V sealed lead acid up 110Ah Battery Charger 27.6V DC (nominal) @ 3.5A, PSU Supervision Charger high/low, Battery low/fail

Temperature -5 C to 45 C

Humidity 10% to 90% RH non-condensing.

EXPANSION MODULES

Amplifiers.

The 4100 EWIS option provides either 25 Watt or 50 Watt amplifiers as standard, optional external higher power amplifiers can also be interfaced into the system. The amplifiers have a bandwidth of 60Hz to 14.5KHz and a signal-to-noise ratio of better than 66dB.

Each amplifier has its own on-board tone generator to provide Alert/Evacuation tones as per AS2220. Stored verbal messages can also be utilised in conjunction with the Evacuation tone sequence.

Amplifiers and speaker lines are supervised and monitored for fault conditions. In the event of a short circuit line condition or an amplifier fault, the amplifiers will automatically shutdown as a battery power saving measure. Once the fault is cleared, the amplifiers will automatically restore to broadcast. Separate fault reporting is provided to indicate amplifier fault, speaker line open circuit and speaker line short circuit.

Public Address (PA) and Background Music (BGM).

A separate PA input line allows for the selection of either PA voice announcements via the panel PA microphone or remote PA/background music. In the event of an alarm condition, the remote PA/BGM input will be overridden by the Alert/Evacuation sequence.

Warden Intercommunication Points (WIPs).

Remote warden phones are connected to the system via WIP modules. Each WIP module provides six (6) individual WIP circuits. Each WIP circuit is supervised for open/short circuit condition.

Strobe Control.

A strobe driver module provides outputs for driving up to three (3) sets of two strobe circuits. A separate circuit is provided for the ALERT strobe and the EVAC strobe. Each strobe circuit is rated at 2 amps/24VDC and can drive up to ten (10) strobes.

Emergency Alarm Initiating Device.

Break Glass Alarm modules (BGA) provide eight (8) separate inputs per module for interfacing to remote Emergency Alarm Initiating manual call points. Each input is supervised for open and short circuit conditions.

Power Supplies.

Modular 10 amp power supplies are utilised, each with their own in-built battery monitoring /charger circuit. The power supply/charger can charge batteries up to 110AHr capacity. Multiple power supplies/chargers are used where systems require larger power supplies/battery configuration.

Audio Features.

The 4100 Voice Communications option provides automatic alert and evacuation messages over pre-programmed speaker circuits during an alarm condition. Alert or Evacuation messages may also be manually initiated either to all areas of a building or to specific areas within the building. The dedicated system microphone provides live voice message delivery to any area within the building. Two-way communications is available with the Warden Intercommunication Phone system.

Audio Control LED/Switch Modules.

Control of audio functions is performed by operating switches on LED/Switch modules, which are mounted on the 4100 Front Panel. The functions and quantity of the LED/Switch modules depend on the desired options and the number of zones in the audio system. Labels are inserted into the slots on the LED/Switch modules to identify the function of each switch and LED.

Standard switches on the Audio Control LED/Switch Module are momentary switches. LED indicator modules are provided to annunciate alarm inputs from the Fire Indicating Panel or Manual Call Point.

Fault Messages.

Fault messages from the audio system are shown on the alphanumeric display and entered into the Fault Log. The operator uses the operator interface panel keys to acknowledge the fault, silence the alarm, and reset the fault condition. The operator can also use the panel keys to scroll through the fault history log or download the log to a printer if installed on the system.

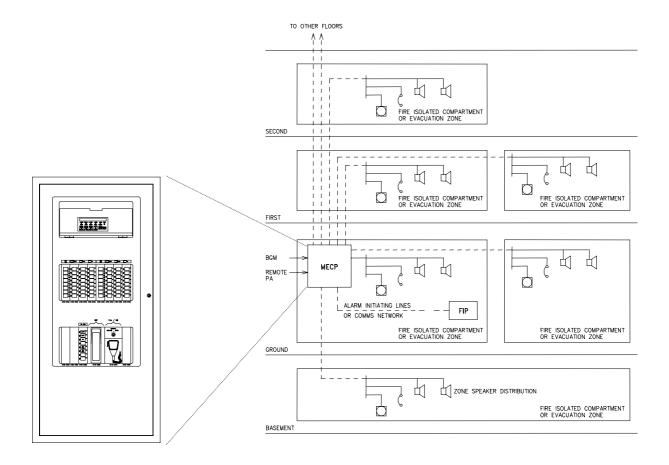


Figure 1 EWIS System Overview

1 INTRODUCTION

This manual describes operating procedures for a typical 4100 Emergency Warning and Intercommunication System (EWIS) Panel. Applications may vary due to custom programming and local code requirements.

The Simplex Emergency Warning and Intercommunication System (EWIS) option is based on the time tested "state-of-the-art" Simplex 4100 Fire Panel architecture.

The Simplex 4100 EWIS system comprises an equipment cubicle which houses a number of electronic sub-assemblies including amplifiers, monitoring circuits, power supplies batteries and operator controls.

The EWIS system is normally located in the Fire Control Room or Foyer of a building and connects to groups or zones of speakers located throughout the building (in accordance with the building code of Australia). Its function is to broadcast a series of warning tones throughout the building in the event of a fire alarm or other emergency, thereby enabling the orderly evacuation of building occupants.

The EWIS may also contain an intercommunication system comprising a master telephone-type handset located at the main panel connected to remote telephone handsets (WIPs) located throughout the speaker zone. The purpose of the Intercommunication system is to assist in the evacuation of a building by enabling communication to take place between the Chief Warden or Fire Control Officer directing the evacuation process from the main panel and the Floor Wardens located on each building floor.

Today's project sizes and extremely high public population demand comprehensive early-warning fire detection and EWIS systems which provide accurate and timely information for response to emergency situations. Simplex offers its most advanced product range to maximise life safety.

A typical application overview is shown in Figure 1.

A typical 4100 EWIS Panel layout is shown in Figure 2

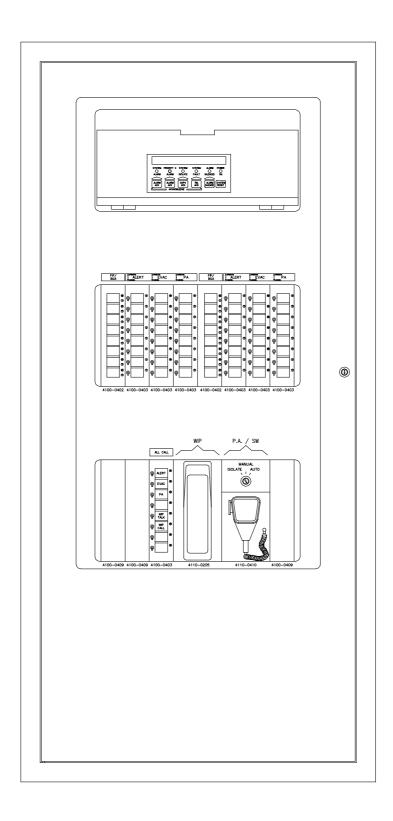


Figure 2 4100 EWIS Panel

This section covers the following topics:

General Audio System information All Circuits Alert/Action/PA operation Selective Alert/Action/PA operation

1.1 AUDIO FEATURES

The 4100 EWIS option provides automatic alert and evacuation messages over preprogrammed speaker circuits during an alarm condition. Alert or Evacuation messages may also be manually initiated either to all areas of a building or to specific areas within the building. The dedicated system microphone provides live voice message delivery to any area within the building. Two-way communications are available with the Warden Intercommunication Phone system (WIPs).

1.1.1 Audio Control LED/Switch Module

Control of audio functions is performed by operating switches on LED/Switch modules which are mounted on the 4100 Front Panel refer Figure 2. The functions and quantity of the LED/Switch modules depend on the desired options and the number of zones in the audio system. Coloured Labels are inserted into the slots on the LED/Switch modules to identify the function of each switch and LED.

Standard switches on the Audio Control LED/Switch Module are momentary switches. LED indicator modules are provided to annunciate alarm inputs from the Fire Indicating Panel or Manual Call Point.

1.1.2 Fault Messages

Fault messages from the audio system are shown on the alphanumeric display and entered into the Fault Log. The operator uses the operator interface panel keys to acknowledge the fault, silence the alarm, and reset the fault condition (refer Figure 3). See Section 4, Fault Conditions for required operations.

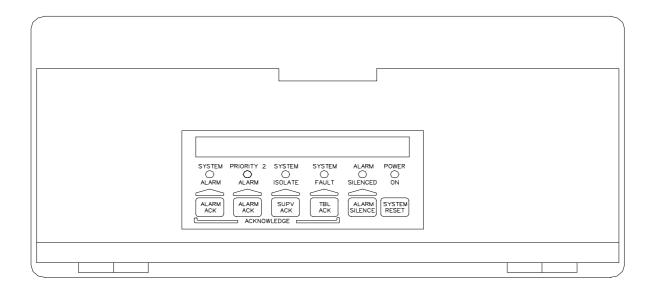


Figure 3 Operator Interface Panel

2 AUDIO OPERATIONS

This section describes the Audio features and operation of the 4100 EWIS System.

2.1 AUDIO CONTROL LED/SWITCH MODULE

Figure 4 shows the Emergency Warning System Audio Control LED/Switch Modules controlling the following functions:

AUTO/MANUAL/ISOLATE KEYSWITCH OPERATION
ALL CIRCUITS ALERT, EVACUATION
SELECTIVE CIRCUITS ALERT, EVACUATION
ALL CIRCUITS PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENTS (P.A.)
SELECTIVE CIRCUITS PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENTS (P.A.)
CANCEL SELECTED TONE / PA OPERATION

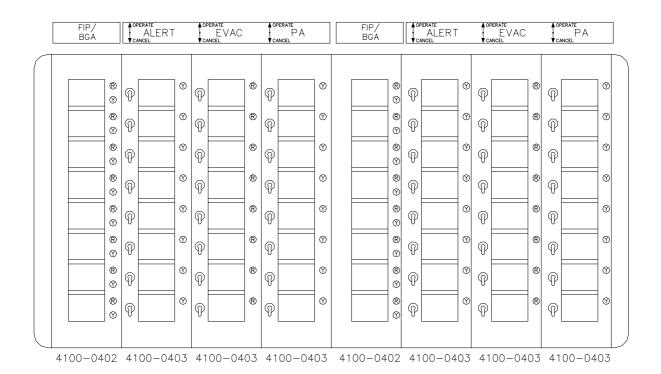


Figure 4 Audio Control LED / Switch Panel

The function of each switch is explained in the following paragraphs.

2.2 AUTO / MANUAL / ISOLATE KEY SWITCH OPERATION

The keyswitch as shown in Figure 5 provides three panel operating modes namely AUTO, MANUAL AND ISOLATE. The following describes the operation of each mode:

AUTO MODE:

This is the normal operating mode of the panel. In this mode initiation of the Alert/Evacuation tone sequence is done automatically upon receipt of an alarm input from the Fire Indicating Panel or Manual Call Points located at remote WIPs. The key can only be removed when the keyswitch is in the AUTO position.

MANUAL MODE:

In this mode, panel operation is controlled manually using the front panel audio control switches. Alarm signals received from the Fire Indicating panel have no control over panel operation. Turning the keyswitch from AUTO to MANUAL mode while the Alert/Evacuation tones are being broadcast, will turn off all tones on all zones.

ISOLATE MODE:

This mode disables broadcasting of the Alert, Evacuation or PA messages over the speaker circuits. The front panel audio control switches can be operated but the selected function will not be activated. This mode can be used to demonstrate the operation of the panel without activating the relevant outputs.

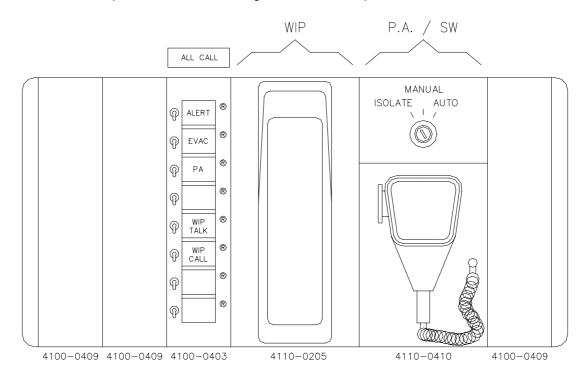


Figure 5 Key Switch Operation

2.3 ALL CIRCUIT ALERT SWITCH

This switch is used to output the ALERT (ALT) tone to all of the speaker circuits.

Each switch is a momentary switch that has an LED to indicate switch operation. Pushing the switch to the momentary UP or DOWN position, outputs the ALERT tone to all speaker circuits. The yellow LED tracks the ALERT tone in progress.

To cancel the ALL ZONE ALERT tone, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

2.4 SELECTIVE ZONE ALERT / EVACUATION SWITCHES

These switches are used to output the ALERT tone to a selected evacuation zone.

Each switch is a momentary switch that has an associated LED to indicate switch operation. Pushing the switch to the momentary UP or DOWN position outputs the ALERT tone to the selected Evacuation zone. The yellow LED tracks the ALERT tone in progress.

To cancel the selected ALERT Tone, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

2.5 ALL CIRCUITS EVACUTAION SWITCH

This switch is used to output the EVACUATION (EVAC) tone to all of the speaker circuits.

Each switch is a momentary switch that has an associated LED to indicate switch operation. Pushing the switch to the momentary UP or DOWN position, outputs the EVACUATION tone to all speaker circuits. The red LED tracks the EVACUATION tone in progress.

To cancel the ALL ZONE EVACUATION tone, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

2.6 SELECTIVE ZONE EVACATION SWITCHES

These switches are used to output the EVACUATION tone to a selected evacuation zone.

Each switch is a momentary switch that has an associated LED to indicate switch operation. Pushing the switch to the momentary UP or DOWN position outputs the EVACUATION tone to the selected Evacuation zone. The red LED tracks the EVACUATION tone in progress.

To cancel the selected EVACUATION Tone, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

2.7 ALL CIRCUITS PA (TALK) SWITCH

This switch is used to turn ON all speaker circuits to broadcast public address announcements. Each switch is a momentary switch that has an associated led with it to indicate switch operation.

The momentary UP or DOWN position of the switch turns all speaker circuits ON. The associated LED (red) is ON when all the speaker circuits are activated for Public address (PA). Announcements can now be made using the panel microphone while the Mike Talk Switch is held in.

To cancel the ALL ZONE PA, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

2.8 SELECTIVE CIRCUITS PA (TALK) SWITCHES

The zone PA Select Switches are normally used to turn ON individual zone speaker circuits. Each switch is a momentary switch that has an associated LED to indicate switch operation.

The momentary UP or DOWN position of the switch turns the selected speaker circuit ON. The associated LED (green) is ON when the speaker is activated for Public address (PA). Announcements can now be made using the panel microphone while the Mike Talk Switch is held in.

To cancel the selected zone PA mode, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

2.9 HOW TO OPERATE THE MICROPHONE

During AUTO mode, operate the microphone in the following manner.

1. **Press the [ALARM ACK] key,** if a Fire Alarm signal has been detected by the Evacuation panel. This will silence the panel beeper and acknowledge the alarm condition.

2. To talk to ALL areas:

Turn Evac keyswitch to MANUAL position. Operate the momentary ALL ZONE PA switch wait for the RED LED to light up and go to Step 3.

To talk to SPECIFIC areas:

Turn Evac keyswitch to MANUAL position. Operate the momentary PA switch for the selected PA zone wait for the GREEN LED to light up and go to Step 3.

- 3. Remove the Microphone from the Microphone clip; press and hold-in the Talk switch on the microphone.
- 4. Make the appropriate announcement. (See note below)
- 5. When finished, unkey the Microphone and place it back onto the Microphone holding clip.
- 6. Turn off ALL ZONES PA or Selected zone PA by pushing the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.
- 7. If alarm signals are present, press the SYSTEM RESET key to reset the alarm condition and return the keyswitch to the AUTO position.

NOTE: The microphone used on the panel is a special noise cancelling microphone. When making PA announcements, the operator must hold the microphone very close too and directly in front of your mouth and speak in a loud clear voice. Failure to do so will result in loss of volume of the PA announcements.

2.10 HOW TO MANUALLY INITIATE AN ALERT / EVACUATION SIGNAL

2.10.1 Alert Signal Operation

To manually initiate an ALERT signal, do the following:

1. To alert ALL areas:

- a. Turn Evac keyswitch to MANUAL position.
- b. Operate the momentary UP or DOWN position of the ALL ZONES ALERT Switch. This will broadcast the alert tone to all areas.

To alert specific areas:

- a. Turn Evac keyswitch to MANUAL position.
- b. Operate the momentary UP or DOWN position of the required area ZONE ALERT Switch. This will broadcast the alert tone to the selected area.
- 2. To turn OFF the ALERT tone to ALL ZONES or SELECTED ZONES, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

2.10.2 Evacuation Signal Operation

To manually initiate an evacuation signal, do the following:

1. To evacuate ALL areas:

- a. Turn Evac keyswitch to MANUAL position.
- b. Operate the momentary UP or DOWN position of the ALL ZONES EVAC Switch. This will broadcast the evacuation tone to all areas.

To evacuate specific areas:

- a. Turn Evac keyswitch to MANUAL position.
- b. Operate the momentary UP or DOWN position of the required area ZONE EVAC Switch. This will broadcast the evacuation tone to the selected area.
- 2. To turn OFF the EVAC tone to ALL ZONES or SELECTED ZONES, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

2.10.3 How to Operate the Microphone during Non-Alarm Conditions

During non-alarm conditions, operate the microphone in the following manner.

1. To talk to ALL areas:

Turn Evac keyswitch to the MANUAL position. Push the momentary ALL ZONES PA Switch UP or DOWN. This will select All Zones for PA announcement. Now go to Step 2.

To talk to SPECIFIC areas:

Turn Evac keyswitch to the MANUAL position. Push the desired ZONE PA SWITCHES (momentary UP or DOWN position) to select the desired PA ZONE.

- 2. Remove the Microphone from the microphone holding clip and hold close to your mouth; press and hold-in the push-to-Talk switch located on the microphone.
- 3. Make the appropriate announcement. (refer note below)
- 4. When finished, unkey the Microphone and replace it in on the microphone holding clip.
- 5. Turn off ALL ZONES PA or Selected zone PA by pushing the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.
- 6. Return the EVAC keyswitch to the AUTO position

NOTE:

The microphone used on the panel is a special noise cancelling microphone. When making PA announcements, the operator must hold the microphone very close too and directly in front of your mouth and speak in a loud clear voice. Failure to do so will result in loss of volume of the PA announcements.

2.11 DURATION OF THE ALERT SIGNAL

If the panel has not been programmed without the automatic cascade evacuation sequence then the duration of the alert signal defaults to 600 seconds (10 minutes). This means that in the event of an alarm signal and the panel is in AUTO mode, then the ALERT tone will sound for a period of 600 seconds and then automatically go to a continuous EVACuation tone unless the panel is placed in manual control by turning the keyswitch to the MANUAL position. Turning the keyswitch to the MANUAL position will cancel any tones being broadcast.

3 EMERGENCY INTERCOMMUNICATION (WIP) OPERATION

The Emergency Intercommunication System provides telephone style communication from the master warden intercommunication phone (WIP) on the master panel to remote telephone type WIP handsets located remotely in the evacuation zones.

The operation of the WIP system is entirely independent of the Emergency Warning System and is not affected by the operation of the AUTO/MANUAL/ISOLATE keyswitch.

3.1 WIP CONTROL LED / SWITCH MODULE

Figure 6 shows the LED/SWITCH WIP modules controlling the following functions:

SELECTIVE ZONE WIP OPERATION
SELECTIVE ZONE MANNED/CLEARED OPERATION

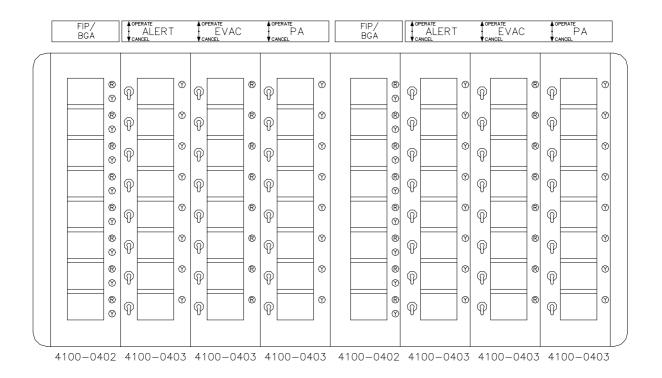


Figure 6 WIP Control LED / Switch Panel

3.2 SELECTIVE ZONE WIP SWITCHES

These switches are used to call or answer a remote WIP located in an evacuation zone. Each switch is a momentary switch that has an associated LED to indicate WIP operation.

Pushing the switch to the momentary <u>UP</u> position establishes connection to a remote WIP. Pushing the switch again in the momentary <u>DOWN</u> position cancels conversation with the remote WIP.

The RED LED tracks the WIP operation as follows:

- Red LED flashing means call waiting from remote WIP.
- Red LED steady means connection established to remote WIP.

To cancel conversation with a remote WIP, push the momentary WIP switch to the **DOWN** position. The red WIP LED will turn off to indicate connection is cancelled. Then replace master WIP handset onto its cradle.

3.3 SELECTIVE ZONE MANNED / CLEARED

These switches function as memory buttons and are used as a log indicator by the operator to log whether an evacuation zone is manned.

Each switch is a three position switch, which functions as follows:

UP or DownPushing the switch to the UP or DOWN position will turn the GREEN LED on to log the fact that an evacuation WIP point is

manned. Pushing switch UP or DOWN again will turn LED off.

CENTRE Position: No Operation.

3.4 WIP OPERATION

To operate the WIPs do the following:

1. To Call a WIP from the Main panel:

- a. Lift the master WIP Handset from its cradle.
- b. Push the required zone WIP switch to the momentary <u>UP</u> position. The remote WIP will ring and the RED LED will go steady when the REMOTE WIP is answered.
- c. To cancel call, push the selected zone WIP switch to the momentary **DOWN** position. The RED led will turn off. Now replace the master WIP handset to its cradle.

2. To answer a WIP CALL:

- a. The RED WIP zone LED on the main panel will flash when a remote is lifted of its cradle.
- b. To answer the call at the main panel, Lift the master WIP handset of its cradle and push the Zone WIP switch associated with the flashing LED to the momentary <u>UP</u> position to establish the connection.
- c. To cancel call, push the selected zone WIP switch to the momentary **DOWN** position. The RED led will turn off. Now replace the master WIP handset to its cradle.

4 FAULT CONDITIONS

When a fault condition is detected by the EWIS System, the condition is indicated on the main 4100 EWIS PANEL as follows:

- Yellow "SYSTEM FAULT" LED is flashing.
- Tone-alert is on steady.
- Alphanumeric display shows the following:

FAULT Press ACK to review.

ALARMS = 0 ISOLATED = 0 FAULT = 1

The panel has a yellow fault LED which will light whenever a fault is present in the system. When a fault occurs, the LED will flash, the tone-alert sounds steady, and a fault message will be displayed on the alphanumeric display. The fault LED will glow steady and the tone-alert silences when the <FAULT ACK> key is pressed.

When Global Acknowledge is used, and the fault clears, the system automatically clears without user intervention. After approximately 30 seconds, the system should display "SYSTEM IS NORMAL followed by time and date".

SIMPLEX AUSTRALIA SYSTEM IS
NORMAL
08:23:43 FRI 13 FEB 98

4.1 HOW TO OPERATE THE PANEL DURING FAULT CONDITIONS

(Yellow LED Is Flashing And Tone-Alert Is On Steady)

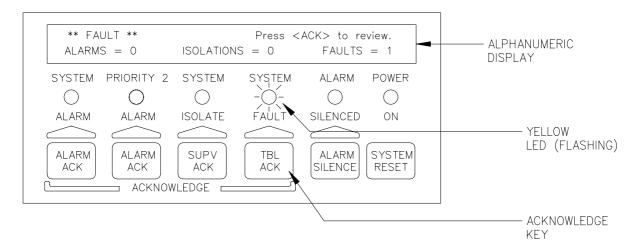


Figure 7 Operator Interface Showing Fault Conditions

A. Unlock and open the panel door. The alphanumeric display will show the fault condition.

FAULT Press <ACK> to review points
ALARMS = 0 ISOLATED = 0 FAULT = 1

B. Press the **<FAULT ACK> key** under the flashing yellow LED. The alphanumeric display will show area and type of fault. The tone alert will silence and the yellow LED will glow steady.

FIRST FLOOR EAST WING AZF1
ZONE1 OPEN CIRCUIT FAULT SPEAKER LINE

- C. Read the alphanumeric display, then investigate the problem to determine its cause.
 - Restore or replace the defective device in accordance with device instructions.
 - The fault will automatically clear when the problem has been corrected.
 - After a delay, the alphanumeric display should show:

SIMPLEX AUSTRALIA SYSTEM IS
NORMAL
8:23:43 SAT 14 JAN 98

NOTE: There are 5 types of fault conditions associated with the EWIS system.

- Open Circuit Speaker Line
- Short Circuit Speaker Line with Amplifier Off
- Amplifier Failure
- Open Circuit WIP Line
- Short Circuit WIP Line

4.3 ESSENTIAL FAULT CONDITION KEYS

The essential keys for fault conditions are **<FAULT ACK>**, and the **<SYSTEM RESET>** keys.

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4.4 FAULT ACKNOWLEDGE KEY

The **<FAULT ACK>** key is used to scroll through the various displays on the alphanumeric display. It also controls the Fault LEDs and the tone-alert. The **<FAULT ACK>** key is located directly under the fault LED. Pressing the **<FAULT ACK>** key will cause the LED to change from flashing to on steady and silence the tone-alert. When the **<FAULT ACK>** key is pressed, it will:

- **A.** Acknowledge the displayed point or acknowledge all points on the list (Global Acknowledge).
- **B.** Scroll the points chronologically after all points have been acknowledged.

When **Global Acknowledge** is used on the 4100 system, a single key press will acknowledge all fault changes in the system. If status change information is required, the user may review this data (after a delay) by pressing the <ACK> key and reading the total number of fault changes on the alphanumeric display.

If a fault condition has been acknowledged with the <ACK> key and further unacknowledged fault conditions remain in the system, the tone-alert continues to sound and the next status change is shown on the alphanumeric display.

NOTE: Normally, points may not require acknowledgment and do not latch. If the system does not clear, read the display, then check for devices still in fault (manual call points, strobe etc.).

5 SYSTEM TEST PROCEDURES

NOTE: These procedures should be followed when the system is installed and during periodic testing as required by code. Check local codes to determine how frequent your system should be tested. Always inform appropriate personnel that you will be testing the system (Building personnel, Fire Brigade, etc.).

Before proceeding with the following tests, switch the EWIS system into MANUAL MODE, by turning the KEY SWITCH to MANUAL on the EWIS panel.

Once the test have been completed, switch the EWIS system back to AUTO MODE, by turning the KEY SWITCH to AUTO on the EWIS panel.

5.1 LAMP TEST

The "LAMP TEST" push-button on the operator interface panel is used to determine local lamp failures within the system. Lamps on the 4100 operator interface panel illuminate along with the five function and acknowledge LEDs. All segments on the LCD also change to squares. Perform the following procedures to determine lamp failures.

- 1. Press the "LAMP TEST" push-button. All LEDs should illuminate (lamps should stay illuminated as long as the push-button is depressed). Holding the push-button in for more than 3 seconds will test the tone-alert.
- 2. Perform an individual lamp test on all remote LCD annunciators using the key switch on the operator interface panel.
- 3. If you find defective lamps/LEDs, contact your local Simplex branch office.

5.2 ALL CIRCUITS ALERT TEST

Push the ALL CIRCUIT ALERT switch momentary UP or DOWN.

ALERT TONE should be an output on all speaker circuits.

To cancel, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

5.3 SELECTIVE ZONE ALERT / EVACUATION TEST

Push the switch momentary UP or DOWN for the selected zone.

ALERT TONE should be an output on all speaker circuits for the selected zone.

To cancel, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

5.4 ALL CIRCUITS EVACUATION TEST

Push the ALL CIRCUIT EVACUATION switch momentary UP or DOWN.

EVACUATION TONE should be an output on all speaker circuits.

To cancel, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

5.6 SELECTIVE ZONE EVACUATION TEST

Push the switch momentary UP or DOWN for the selected zone.

EVACUATION TONE should be an output on all speaker circuits for the selected zone.

To cancel, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

5.7 ALL CIRCUITS PA (TALK) TEST

Push the ALL CIRCUIT PA switch momentary UP or DOWN.

The associated Green LED is should be switched ON.

All the PA speaker circuits are activated.

Perform a test announcement. The announcement should be an output on all speaker circuits.

To cancel, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

5.8 SELECTIVE CIRCUITS PA (TALK) TEST

Push the switch momentary UP or DOWN for the selected zone.

The associated Green LED is should be switched ON.

The PA speaker circuits are activated, for the selected zone.

Perform a test announcement. The announcement should be an output on all speaker circuits, for the selected zone.

To cancel, push the associated momentary switch in the UP or DOWN position.

6 MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

It is a requirement of AS1851 - Part 10, The Standards Association of Australia Code for Maintenance of Fire Protection Equipment – Emergency Warning and Intercommunications in buildings, that tests be carried out to ensure the system is fully functional.

6.1 LEVEL 1 - MONTHLY TESTS

The following inspection and testing procedures should be carried out each month:

- (a) Inform all building occupants that testing is to take place.
- (b) Visually check that the installation and its components are not damaged.
- (c) Where the system is associated with an alarm system. Perform a simulated alarm call, operating any one of the alarm switches. Check that an 'alert' alarm appears at every ECP and at the appropriate zones. Check that EWIS operation is automatically initiated.
- (d) Simulate an emergency condition at each control panel by setting the key switch to 'MANUAL', then operating function switches to each zone separately. At the same time, test operation of the emergency intercommunication system.
- (e) Check the operation of all audible and visual indicators at each ECP.
- (f) Check that all control switches are returned to normal operating positions at the control panels.
- (g) Check battery electrolyte level where applicable, and battery terminals for corrosion.
- (h) Return all panel switches and controls to their normal operating position.
- (i) Inform the building occupants that the testing has concluded.
- (j) Record the completion of tests in the logbook, noting any defects and remedial action required. Ensure the owner signs the report.

6.2 LEVEL 2 - SIX MONTHLY TESTS

The Level 2 tests shall consist of all the inspection and testing procedures specified in the previous clause and the following. These shall be carried out every 6 months.

- (a) Visually check the installation, location and siting of all equipment against the system installation records. Record and report any discrepancy found between the site records and the actual installation.
- (b) Check battery float charge voltage and current. These should be within specified tolerances.
- (c) Carry out level 1 maintenance procedure as described in section 6.1
- (d) Disconnect the a.c. mains and measure the standby battery voltage under full load conditions. The battery voltage shall be not less the 95% of the nominal voltage. If less than 95% of the nominal voltage, the battery shall be tested and / or replaced.
- (e) Reconnect the a.c mains and measure the current from the battery charger. This current shall be within specified tolerances.
- (f) Measure and record the audible sound level in each zone. Check that it is in accordance with previous measurements.
- (g) If visual warning lights are installed, check that they operate, and that the flash rate is between 60 and 120 flashes per minute.
- (h) Record the completion of tests in the logbook, noting any defects and remedial action required. Ensure the owner signs the report.

APPENDIX A - COMMISSION CHECKLIST

JOB NAME:		
JOB NUMBER:		
PANEL SERIAL NUMBER:		
Please place a tick in the space provided if check is correct. If not details.	please	give
Panel Check List	Y	N
Cabinet undamaged (no paint chips, door aligned)		
Power Point fitted and wired correctly		
All cabinet earths wired correctly and securely fitted		
Battery Capacity		
All Print Circuit Boards securely fitted		
Identification Label Completed		
Power Up	Υ	N
Charger output voltage at BATT +27.6VDC (@ 20 deg)		
Quiescent panel current from battery (Mains Isolated)		
Lamp Test OK		
Display LEDs aligned and all intensities similar		
Function keys aligned and operate easily		

Manual Mode Test – Each Zone	Y	N
Alert Tone OK		
Evac Tone OK		
PA Speech OK		
Visual Output OK		
Fault Modes Operating Correctly		
- WIP Lines - O/C & S/C		
- Speaker lines - O/C & S/C		
- Strobe lines - O/C & S/C		
- FIB lines - O/C		
- BGA lines - O/C		
Auto Mode Test	Υ	N
Time delays operate as programmed		
Passed 24 hour burn-in period		
TEST COMPLETED, passed Q/A check		
Name of Tester		
Signature		
Date of Test		

APPENDIX B – FAULT CONDITIONS TABLES

4100 LCD DISPLAY FAULT MESSAGES

IF THE LCD DISPLAYS	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
OPEN CIRCUIT FAULT SPEAKER LINE	Speaker cabling fault.Open circuit cable.	Check as instructed in installation manual.
	 No EOL resistor. No DC isolation capacitor fitted (incorrect speaker) 	 Fit 10k EOL resistor. Fitted capacitors or change speaker.
	type).	
SHORT CIRCUIT FAULT SPEAKER LINE WITH AMPLIFIER OFF	Speaker cabling fault.Short circuit cable.	Check as instructed in installation manual.
	No EOL resistor.	Fit 10k EOL resistor.
	 No DC isolation capacitor fitted, (incorrect speaker type). 	Fitted capacitors or change speaker.
AMPLIFIER FAILURE	Faulty amplifier	Replace amplifier.
	Blown fuse.	Replace fuse. 5 amp 3AG.
	Faulty Ribbon Cable.	Replace Ribbon Cable.
OPEN CIRCUIT WIP LINE	Speaker cabling fault.Open circuit cable.	Check as instructed in installation manual.
	No EOL resistor.	Fit 10k EOL resistor.
SHORT CIRCUIT WIP LINE	Speaker cabling fault.Open circuit cable.	Check as instructed in installation manual.
	No EOL resistor.	Fit 10k EOL resistor.

IF THE LCD DISPLAYS	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
OPEN CIRCUIT BGA INPUTS	Cabling fault.Open circuit cable.	Check as instructed in installation manual.
	No EOL resistor.	Fit 3k3 EOL resistor.
CARD XX POWER SUPPLY / CHARGER	Mains at Distribution board is OFF.	Turn Power ON.
AC VOLTAGE ABNORMAL	Mains Switch is OFF.	Turn Mains Switch ON.
	Mains Fuse Blown.	Replace Fuse 8 Amp.
CARD XX SWITCHED TO BATTERIES	Mains at Distribution board is OFF.Mains Power Failure.	Turn Power ON, check for mains on indicator when power is returned.
	Mains Switch off.	Turn Mains Switch ON.
	Mains Fuse Blown.	Replace Fuse 8 Amp.
BATTERY LOW BATTERY DISCHARGED	Mains Fail.	Reference mains on indicator, and System on batteries. Fault status.
BATTERY CHARGER CAPACITY XX	High volts: Charger output volts above 28.5 volts.	Replace Power Supply.
	Low volts: Charger output volts below 24.5 volts.	Replace Power Supply.
	Batteries fault: Voltage below 24.5 volts	Replace Batteries
	Batteries Disconnected	Connected Batteries

FAULT / STATUS	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
NETWORK HAS FAILED	Section of the RS 485 loop faulty or	Check section and termination, or field
NETWORK GROUND FAILED	disconnected from module.	wiring.
NETWORK IS OPERATING IN		Check internal comms connections.
DEGRADED STATE *7		 Ensure all modules are plugged in. Ensure modules are installed in correct order.

APPENDIX C - LIST OF INSTALLED EQUIPMENT

		Lo	oud Speak		Amp	lifier	Visible	Signals	WIPs
Evacuation Zone	Fire Zone	Qty	Power Tap	Total Load	Qty	Total Rating	Α	E	Qty
1						1			
2									
3									
4									
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40									

		Lo	oud Speak	cer	Amp	olifier	Visible	Signals	WIPs
Evacuation Zone	Fire Zone	Qty	Power Tap	Total Load	Qty	Total Rating	Α	E	Qty
41									
42									
43									
44									
45									
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