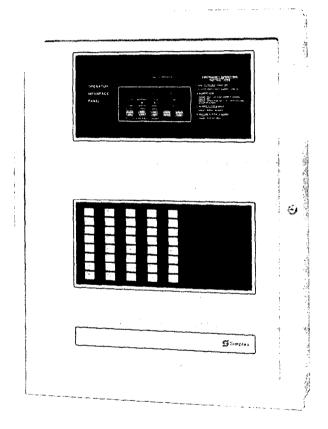


4100 Fire Alarm System

Installation Instructions For 24-Point Graphic I/O Interface Module



			.,

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TOPIC PA	AGE
General Description	1
Detailed Description	1
LED Indicator	1
Switch SW1	1
Pluggable Resistors	3
Connector P1	3
Motherboard Terminations	3
IC1 Chip	4
Output Driver Power	4
Communication	4
Field Wiring Diagram	4
Field Wiring Diagram for Incandescent Lamp Annunciator	5
Field Wiring Diagram for LED Annunciator	6
Field Wiring Diagram for Graphic I/O, N/O or N/C Switches (Unsupervised Wiring)	7
Field Wiring Diagram for Graphic I/O, N/O or N/C Switch with Supervision for Open Circuit	8
Field Wiring Diagram for Graphic I/O, N/O or N/C Switch with Supervision for Open or Short Circuited Wiring	9
Field Wiring Diagram for Fan Control with an H.O.A. Switch on a Graphic Annunciator	10
We Need Your Feedback	11

WARRANTY
Contact your local
Simplex Time Recorder Co.
branch office listed in the
Yellow Pages for Warranty
Registration & Information.

		,
•		

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

A hard-wired annunciator can be accommodated using a 24 Point Graphic I O Interface Module at either a local or remote location. This module allows up to 24 inputs or outputs to be programmed and connected to the system. These 24 I O points can be split up into any combination of the two (inputs or outputs) to meet customer requirements.

The 24-Point I/O module provides a graphic annunciator interface for both lamps and switches. The lamp driver circuitry is rated at 150 mA per circuit. This rating provides for both incandescent and LED annunciation. Each output may be programmed to be on steady, slow pulse or fast pulse. Inputs may be unsupervised, supervised for opens only, supervised for opens and shorts or monitor HOA switches, depending on how the switches are externally wired. Switch inputs can originate from 2 or 3-position switches. This module also accepts up to three special inputs such as lamp test and remote power supply trouble.

This module also provides supervised or unsupervised point-wired annunciation. It provides up to 24 points of supervised or unsupervised annunciation from point-wired peripheral devices.

This module can provide for supervised monitor and control functions in smoke control applications. It may be configured to supervise outputs which operate any remotely located relay and supervise their feedback status points.

The 24-Point I/O module may be located in either the local Master Panel or any remote annunciator panel. If mounted in a remote location, power to drive the switch inputs and lamp outputs must come from an external power supply. It, like other daughter cards, requires a system card address.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

A. LED INDICATOR

LED 1, the module trouble indicator, will illuminate any time there is an on-board trouble or when forced on using the front panel keys.

B. SWITCH SW1 (Refer to Figure 1 for switch locations)

Switch SW1 is an 8-position DIP switch which is used to set the module's address and select its input baud rate. SW1-2 thru 8 are used for address selection while SW1-1 is used for baud rate selection. Baud rate and address selection are explained below.

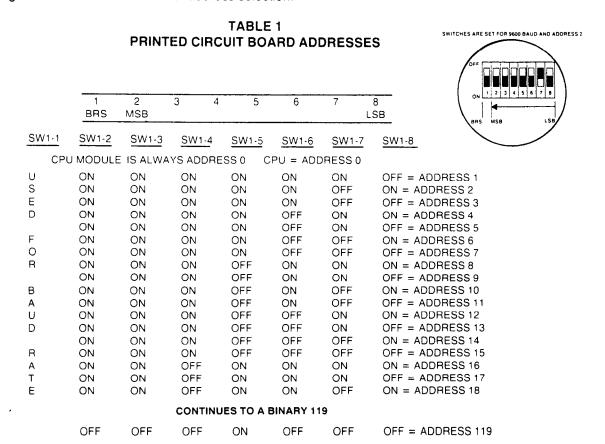
SW1-1 Baud Rate Selection

Open = 9600 Baud Rate Closed = 1200 Baud Rate

NOTE: All current *local* slave daughter cards communicate with the Master Controller via the Internal Serial Communication Bus which by default is set for 9600 BAUD; therefore, ensure that SW1-1 is always set to OPEN. If the Graphic I/O module is mounted in a *remote* annunciator, it may be configured to communicate at either 1200 or 9600 BAUD, depending on the output from the Remote Annunciator Interface Module (RAI).

SW1-2 thru 8 Card Address Selection

Module address selection is determined at order entry or by the Programming Unit and recorded in the Programmer's Report. The address on the DIP switches is a binary representation of the card address. See Figure 1 and the chart below for address selection.



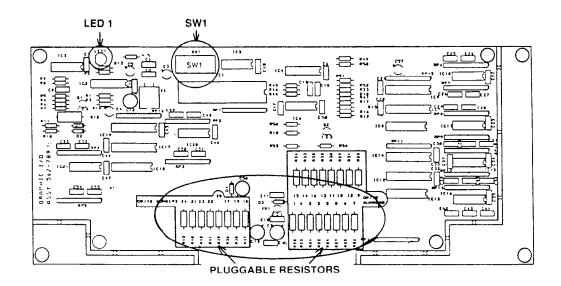


Figure 1 24-POINT GRAPHIC I/O MODULE

C. PLUGGABLE RESISTORS (Refer to Figure 1 for resistor locations)

Resistor selection is based upon whether an I O point is programmed to be an input or an output. Selection is outlined below and shown in Table 2.

INPUT (switch) points use 2K Ohm. ½ watt resistors.

OUTPUT (lamp LED) points use 20 Ohm, 1 watt resistors.

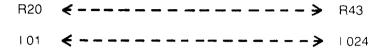


TABLE 2 24-POINT GRAPHIC I/O CARD PLUGGABLE RESISTORS (632-789)

Device #	Resistors	Input	Output
1	20	2K .5w	20 ohm. 1W
2	21	2K .5w	20 ohm 1W
3	22	2K .5w	20 ohm 1W
4	23	2K .5w	20 ohm 1W
5	24	2K .5w	20 ohm 1W
6	25	2K .5w	20 ohm. 1W
7	26	2K .5w	20 ohm 1W
8	27	2K .5w	20 ohm 1W
9	28	2K .5w	20 ohm 1W
10	29	2K .5w	20 ohm. 1W
11	30	2K .5w	20 ohm. 1W
12	31	2K .5w	20 ohm 1W
13	32	2K .5w	20 ohm. 1W
14	33	2K .5w	20 ohm. 1W
15	34	2K .5w	20 ohm: 1W
16	35	2K .5w	20 ohm. 1W
17	36	2K .5w	20 ohm. 1W
18	37	2K .5w	20 ohm. 1W
19	38	2K .5w	20 ohm. 1W
20	39	2K .5w	20 ohm 1W
21	40	2K .5w	20 ohm. 1W
22	41	2K 5w	20 ohm 1W
23	42	2K .5w	20 ohm. 1W
24	43	2K .5w	20 ohm. 1W
		\psi	₩

NOTE: Systems are shipped from the factory with 2K ohm resistors. Use 2K ohm resistors for switch contact monitor points and 20 ohm resistors for LED LAMP outputs.

D. CONNECTOR P1

Connector P1 is the module's edge connector. It allows the module to plug into the motherboard PC socket.

E. MOTHERBOARD TERMINATIONS

The motherboard terminations provide field wiring connections for the LO points (LO 1 thru LO 24), special monitor points (PM 1 thru PM 3) and required power input (PWR IN+ and PWR IN-). These connections are shown in Figure 2.

TB1 TI		2		
1	0	1 08	1 0	1017
2	0	107	2 0	I 018
3	0	106	3 0	1019
4	0	105	4 0	1020
5	0	104	5 0	1 021
6	0	103	6 0	1022
7	0	102	7 0	1 023
8	0	101	8 0	1024
9	0	1016	9 0	PM1+
10	0	1015	10 0	PM1-
11	0	1014	11 0	PM2+
12	0	1013	12 0	PM2-
13	0	1012	13 0	PM3+
14	0	1011	14 c	PM3-
15	0	1010	15 0	PWR IN+
16	0	109	16 0	PWR IN -

Figure 2
MOTHERBOARD TERMINATIONS

F. IC1 CHIP

The on-board micro-controller (IC1) executes module functions via the internal software, which is "burned" into the chip.

G. OUTPUT DRIVER POWER

The \pm 24 VDC input is used to generate the supervision reference from the power supply which is feeding the 24 I/O points. The \pm 24 VDC connects to TB2-15 ("PWR IN+") and to TB2-16 ("PWR IN-").

H. COMMUNICATION

Internal Serial Communication between the Master Controller Module and the 24-Point Graphic I/O Module micro-controller chip (IC1) is accomplished via:

- Motherboard Connector P2 (if it is the first in a row)
- Motherboard Connector P1 (if it is the second or subsequent in a row, communication being daisy-chained between motherboards)

External Serial Communication between the Master Controller and the 24-Point Graphic I/O Module is accomplished via the following modules:

• Remote Annunciator Interface (RAI) Module in the local panel

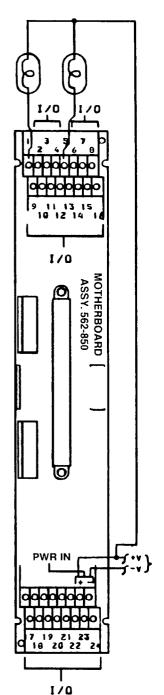
AND

Remote Serial Interface Module (RIC) in the remote panel.

FIELD WIRING DIAGRAMS (See pages 5 thru 10)

The Field Wiring Diagrams are used when wiring peripheral devices to the 4100 panel. They provide a pictoral reference on how to terminate wiring on the 24-Point Graphic I O module. Determine your system requirements; then use the appropriate Field Wiring Diagram for all terminations.

GRAPHIC I/O INCANDESCENT LAMP ANNUNCIATOR

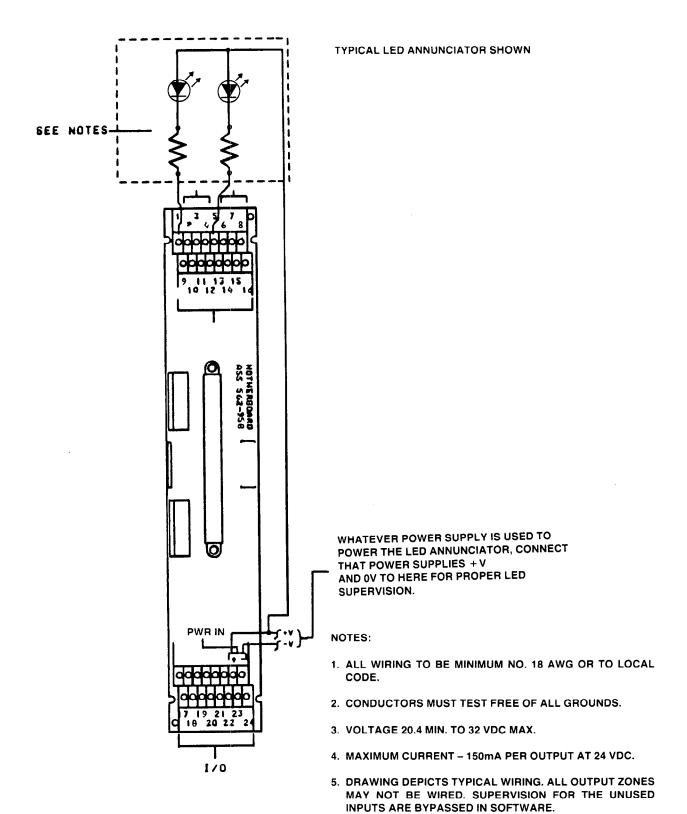


TYPICAL INCANDESCENT GRAPHIC ANNUNCIATOR

WHATEVER POWER SUPPLY IS USED TO POWER THE INCANDESCENT ANNUNCIATOR, CONNECT THAT POWER SUPPLY'S + V AND 0V TO HERE FOR PROPER LAMP SUPERVISION.

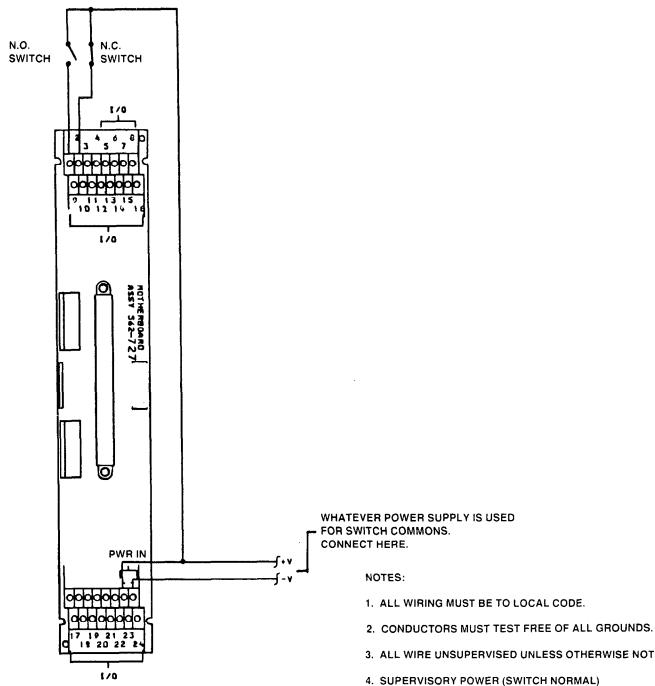
NOTES:

- 1. ALL WIRING TO BE 18 AWG OR TO LOCAL CODE.
- 2. CONDUCTORS MUST TEST FREE FROM ALL GROUNDS.
- 3. MAXIMUM CURRENT....150mA PER OUTPUT.
- 4. MAXIMUM VOLTAGE....32 VDC.
- DRAWING DEPICTS TYPICAL WIRING. ALL OUTPUTS MAY NOT BE WIRED.
- 6. PLUGGABLE RESISTORS ON GRAPHIC I/O ASSY. MUST BE CHANGED TO 20 OHM. 1W (SUPPLIED IN SHIPPING GROUP) FOR EACH CORRESPONDING LAMP OUTPUT. LOOK FOR THE RESISTOR MARKED DRIVER "X." ("X" IS A NUMBER BETWEEN 1 AND 24.) REMOVE 2K, 1/2W RESISTOR AND REPLACE WITH 20 OHM, 1W RESISTOR.



6. PLUGGABLE RESISTORS ON GRAPHIC I/O ASSY. MUST BE CHANGED TO 20 OHM. 1W (SUPPLIED IN SHIPPING GROUP) FOR EACH CORRESPONDING LED OUTPUT. LOOK FOR THE RESISTOR MARKED DRIVER "X." ("X" IS A NUMBER BETWEEN 1 AND 24.) REMOVE 2K, 1/2W RESISTOR AND

REPLACE WITH 20 OHM, 1W RESISTOR.



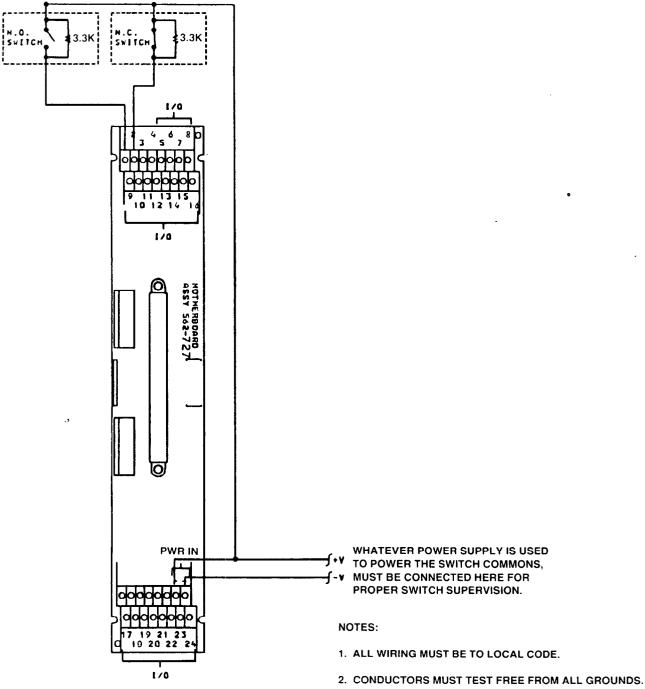
- 3. ALL WIRE UNSUPERVISED UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

N.O SWITCH - 0mA N C SWITCH - 12mA

5. ALARM POWER (SWITCH OFF NORMAL)

N O SWITCH - 12mA N C SWITCH - 0mA

6. WIRING TO THE LO TERMINALS MUST NOT BE RUN WITH AC WIRING.



- 3. ALL WIRE IS SUPERVISED UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 4. SUPERVISORY POWER (SWITCH NORMAL)

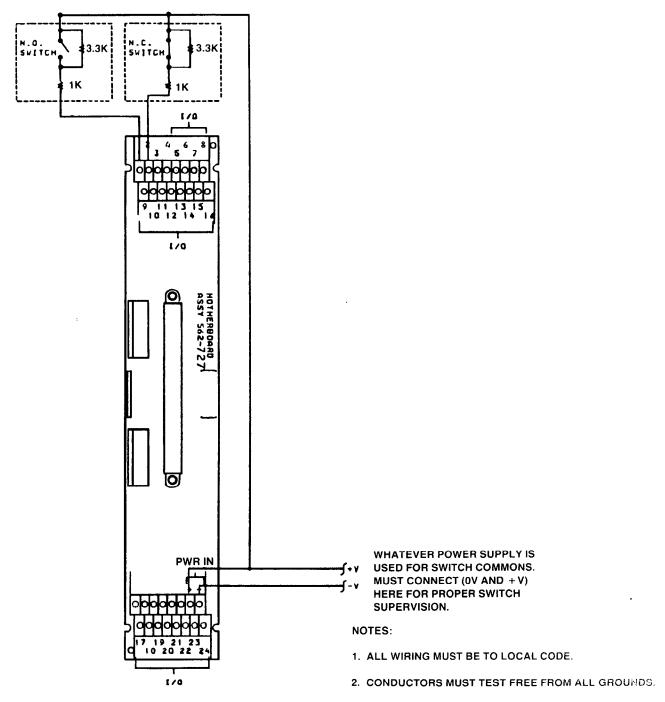
N/O SWITCH - 5mA ● 24VDC N/C SWITCH - 12mA • 24VDC

5. ALARM POWER (SWITCH OFF NORMAL)

N/O SWITCH - 12mA • 24VDC N/C SWITCH - 5mA • 24VDC

6. WIRING TO THE I/O TERMINALS MUST NOT BE RUN WITH AC WIRING.

GRAPHIC I/O, N/O OR N/C SWITCH WITH SUPERVISION FOR OPEN OR SHORT CIRCUITED WIRING.



- 3. ALL WIRE IS SUPERVISED UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 4. SUPERVISORY POWER (SWITCH NORMAL)

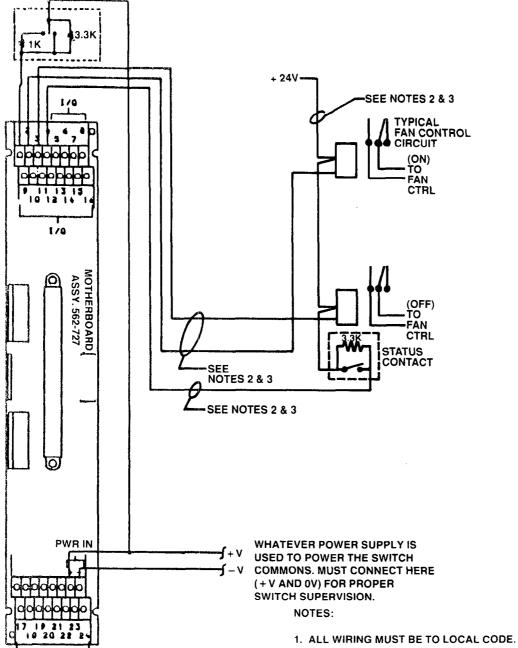
N/O SWITCH - 4mA N/C SWITCH - 8mA

5. ALARM POWER (SWITCH OFF NORMAL)

N O SWITCH - 8mA N·C SWITCH - 4mA

6. WIRING TO THE I'O TERMINALS MUST NOT BE RUN WITH AC WIRING.

FAN CONTROL WITH AN H.O.A. SWITCH ON A GRAPHIC ANNUNCIATOR.

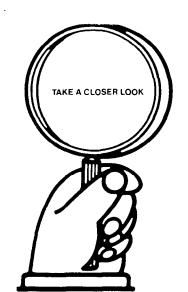


1/0

- 2. CONDUCTORS MUST TEST FREE FROM ALL GROUNDS.
- 3. ALL WIRE IS SUPERVISED UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 4. SUPERVISORY POWER

ON POSITION - 12mA • 24VDC CENTER POSITION - 4.5mA ● 24VDC OFF POSITION - 8mA • 24VDC

- 5. ALARM POWER SAME AS ABOVE.
- 6. CENTER POSITION -- AUTO **UP POSITION -- ON** DOWN POSITION - OFF.
- 7. WIRING TO THE I/O TERMINALS MUST NOT BE RUN WITH AC WIRING.



WE NEED YOUR FEEDBACK

YOU CAN HELP IMPROVE THIS MANUAL IF YOU FIND ERRORS OR CAN IMPROVE THIS MANUAL, PLEASE LET US KNOW WRITE DOWN YOUR COMMENTS AND DROP THIS FORM INTO THE SIMPLEX MAIL YOUR COMMENTS ARE APPRECIATED

PUBLICATION TITLE:	
PUBLICATION NUMBER: _	DATED:

PAGE NO.	DESCRIBE DEFICIENCY AND CORRECTIONS						

		FOLDBACK
BRANCH:		
STATE:	9	SIMPLEX TIME RECORDER CO. SIMPLEX PLAZA GARDNER, MA 01441 ATTN: EDUCATION & TRAINING DEPT.
		FOLDBACK

			-